

HP.SAPMD GSE SOFTWARE LISTINGS (Cont'd.)

(NASA-CR-172119-Pt-2) STAND ALONE PRESSURE  
MEASUREMENT DEVICE (SAPMD) FOR THE SPACE  
SHUTTLE ORBITER, PART 2 (Southwest Research  
Inst.) 78 p

CSCL 14B

N90-16203

Unclass

63/35 0234605

Part 2

## SECTION 2

```

/******
/*
/*
/*          D U M P
/*
/*          Dump routines.
/*
/******
/*
#include <supglob.c>
/* get globals
/*
/******
/*
/*          D B Y T E S
/*
/*          Dump a block of SC-1 memory in the specified window in byte format.
/* The address is in dseg|doff.
/*
/******
/*
dbytes(id)
/* dump bytes in window
/* struct window *id;
/* window id
/* {int i,
/* iteration variable
/* off;
/* dump offset
/* off=id->topoff;
/* dump offset
/* id->cury=1;
/* position cursor of window
/* for (i=3;i<=id->lines;i++)
/* display data loop
/* {dumpln(id,id->daseg,off);
/* show a line
/* off+=16;
/* next line of data
/* id->cury++;};
/* next line
/* id->cury=1;
/* start of window
/*
/******
/*
/*          U B Y T E S
/*
/*          Fill the specified window with unassembled instructions.
/*
/******
/*
ubytes(id)
/* unassemble
/* struct window *id;
/* window id
/* {int i;
/* iteration variable
/* clear(id);
/* blank inside window
/* id->cury=1;
/* position cursor of window
/* id->daoff=id->topoff;
/* establish last dis. addr.
/* for (i=3;i<=id->lines;i++)
/* display data loop
/* {diss(id,id->daseg,id->daoff);
/* show a line
/* id->daoff+=ip;
/* next line of data
/* id->cury+=1;};
/* next line
/* id->type=DA;
/* flag window non-empty
/*
/******
/*
/*          P A D D R
/*
/*          Print the passed segment and offset.
/*
/******
/*
paddr(id,seg,off)
/* print address
/* struct window *id;
/* window id
/* int seg,
/* segment address
/* off;
/* offset
/* {hexw(id,seg);
/* write segment high
/* wchw(id,':');
/* write colon
/* hexw(id,off);
/* write offset high
/*

```

```

/*
/*****
/*
/*
/*           H E X W
/*
/*       Print the passed word in hex.
/*
/*
/*****
hexw(id,x)                /* display hex word
    struct window *id;     /* window id
    int x;                 /* data
    {hex(id,x>>8);         /* display high ...
      hex(id,x);}          /* ... and low
                          /*
/*****
/*
/*
/*           H E X C
/*
/*       Convert the passed nibble to hex ascii.
/*
/*
/*****
char hexc(x)               /* convert to hex ascii
    int x;                 /* nibble
    {x&=0xf;              /* get nibble
      return((x<=9)?x+'0':x-10+'A');}
                          /* convert to ascii
                          /*
/*****
/*
/*
/*           H E X
/*
/*       Print the specified byte at the current cursor position on the
/* specified window.
/*
/*
/*****
hex(id,x)                 /* print byte in hex
    struct window *id;     /* window id
    int x;                 /* data
    {wchw(id,hexc(x>>4)); /* print high nibble
      wchw(id,hexc(x));}   /* print low nibble
                          /*
/*****
/*
/*
/*           D U M P U P
/*
/*       Scroll the specified dump window in response to an up arrow.
/*
/*
/*****
dumpup(id)                /* scroll up
    struct window *id;     /* window id
    {dscroll(id);          /* blank top line
      id->topoff-=16;        /* adjust address in window
      id->cury=1;            /* adjust cursor
      dumpln(id,id->daseg,id->topoff);}
                          /* dump a line
                          /*
/*****
/*
/*
/*           D U M P D N
/*
/*       Scroll the specified dump window in response to a down arrow.
/*
/*
/*****

```

```

dumpdn(id)                                /* scroll up */
struct window *id;                        /* window id */
{uscroll(id);                             /* blank top line */
    id->topoff+=16;                         /* adjust address in window */
    id->cury=id->lines-2;                  /* adjust cursor */
    dumpln(id,id->daseg,id->topoff+(id->lines-3)*16);} /* dump a line */
/*
/*****
/*
/*
/*
/*      U N D N
/*
/*      Scroll the specified dump window in response to a down arrow.
/*
/*
/*****
/*
undn(id)                                  /* scroll up */
struct window *id;                       /* window id */
{int i,                                  /* top address accumulator */
    j,                                   /* iteration variable */
    k;                                  /* screen character */
    uscroll(id);                         /* blank top line */
    id->cury=id->lines-2;                 /* adjust cursor */
    diss(id,id->daseg,id->daoff);          /* disassemble a line */
    id->daoff+=ip;                        /* next line of data */
    i=0;                                 /* clear accumulator */
    for (j=0;j<4;j++)                    /* decode address loop */
        {movcurs(id->scry+1,6+j);         /* position to offset */
            k=sch();                      /* get screen character */
            k=(k<='9')?k-'0':k-'A'+10;     /* convert to binary */
            i=(i<<4)+k;                   /* accumulate address */
            id->topoff=i;}                 /* set new top address */
/*
/*****
/*
/*
/*
/*      D U M P L N
/*
/*      Dump a line of SC-1 memory.
/*
/*
/*****
/*
dumpln(id,dseg,off)                       /* dump data */
struct window *id;                       /* window id */
int dseg,                                /* segment address */
    off;                                 /* offset */
{unsigned char dmp[16];                  /* dumped data */
    int j,                               /* iteration variable */
        i;                              /* iteration variable */
    id->curx=1;                           /* move to start of line */
    if (!scdump(dseg,off,17)) return(0); /* send dump command */
    for (j=0;j<=15;j++) dmp[j]=rdscl(); /* read data */
    paddr(id,dseg,off);                   /* print memory address */
    wchw(id,' ');                         /* space ... */
    wchw(id,' ');                         /* ... */
    if (id->type==DBT)                     /* dump bytes or words? */
        {for (j=0;j<=15;j++)             /* dump loop */
            {hex(id,dmp[j]);              /* write byte in hex */
                if (dmp[j]<' ' || dmp[j]>=0x7f) dmp[j]='.'; /* for printing */
                if (j==7)                  /* middle? */
                    wchw(id,'-');          /* dash in middle */
                else                        /* otherwise, space */
                    wchw(id,' ');          /* ... */
            }
        }
    else
        for (j=0;j<=15;j+=2)              /* words ... */
            {hexw(id,(dmp[j+1]<<8)|dmp[j]); /* dump a word */
                for (i=j;i<=j+1;i++)       /* convert to ascii loop */
                    {if (dmp[i]<' ' || dmp[i]>=0x7f) dmp[i]='.'; /* for printing */

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wchwh(id,' ');}}; /* space between words */
wchwh(id,' '); /* another space */
for (j=0;j<=15;j++) /* print star */
    wchwh(id,dmp[j]); /* encode and print data */
wchwh(id,'*'); /* print it */
if (rdscl()!=PROMPT) error(BADSC1);} /* trailing star */
/* SC-1 in synch? */
/*
*****
/*
/*          D M P R E G S
/*
/*      Dump registers to screen window.
/*
/*
*****
dmpregs() /* dump registers */
{int i; /* iteration variable */
char r; /* register half temp */
wrsc1(DREGS); /* send dump command */
if (!gregs()) /* check response code */
    error(BADSC1); /* send error */
else /* here come the registers */
    if (!dregs()) error(BADSC1);} /* check completion */
/*
*****
/*
/*          T R A C E
/*
/*      Trace execution (single-step).
/*
/*
*****
trace(token) /* trace execution */
int token; /* command code */
{wrsc1(STEP); /* send step command */
gregs(); /* get registers */
dregs(); /* display registers */
wchs(CR); /* new line */
diss(&screen,sclregs[CS],sclregs[IP]); /* display next instruction */
if (token==TU) /* trace & unassemble? */
    {if (!mkwnd()) return(0); /* try to make one */
    activw->daseg=sclregs[CS]; /* ... yep, set dump address */
    activw->topoff=sclregs[IP]; /* ... */
    ubytes(activw);}}; /* disassemble */
/*
*****
/*
/*          G O
/*
/*      Start execution until optional breakpoint.
/*
/*
*****
go(token) /* begin execution */
int token; /* command code */
{if (bf) brkpt(gopoop[2],gopoop[3]); /* set breakpoint */
if (af) /* start address present? */
    {lreg(IP,gopoop[1]); /* load IP */
    lreg(CS,gopoop[0]);} /* load CS */
wrsc1(GO); /* send step command */
gregs(); /* get registers */
if (bf) loadscl(gopoop[2],gopoop[3],1,&bpinstr); /* restore instruction */
dregs(); /* display registers */
wchs(CR); /* new line */
diss(&screen,sclregs[CS],sclregs[IP]); /* display next instruction */

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    if (token==GU) /* trace & unassemble? */
    {if (!mkwnd()) return(0); /* try to make one */
      activw->daseg=sclregs[CS]; /* ... yep, set dump address */
      activw->topoff=sclregs[IP]; /* ... */
      ubytes(activw);}); /* disassemble */
/*
/*
/*          B R K P T
/*
/*      Set breakpoint.
/*
/*
*****
/*
brkpt(seg,off) /* set a breakpoint
    int seg, /* address segment
        off; /* ... and offset.
    {static unsigned char trap=0xcc; /* breakpoint instruction
      if (!scdump(seg,off,2)) return(0); /* send dump command
      bpinstr=rdsc1(); /* get replaced instruction
      if (rdsc1()!=PROMPT) /* check for good dump
        {error(BADSC1); /* send error
          return(0);}; /* return
      bpact=1; /* flag active breakpoint
      loadsc1(seg,off,1,&trap);} /* set breakpoint
/*
/*
*****
/*
/*          L O A D S C 1
/*
/*      Load SC-1 memory.
/*
/*
*****
/*
loadsc1(seg,off,len,poop) /* load target memory
    int seg, /* address segment ...
        off, /* ... and offset
        len; /* byte count
    char *poop; /* data address
    {wrsc1(LOAD); /* send load memory command
      saddr(seg,off,len); /* send address
      for (;len>0;len--) wrsc1(*poop++); /* load data
      if (rdsc1()!=PROMPT) error(BADSC1);} /* good load?
/*
/*
*****
/*
/*          G R E G S
/*
/*      Read registers from SC-1.
/*
/*
*****
/*
gregs() /* get registers
    {int i, /* iteration variable
      r; /* register temp
      if (rdsc1()!=DUMPREG) return(0); /* return error
      for (i=0;i<14;i++) /* print regs.
        {r=rdsc1(); /* get low reg half
          sclregs[i]=r|(rdsc1())<<8;}; /* get register high half
      if (rdsc1()!=PROMPT) return(0); /* get prompt
      return(1);} /* return success
/*
/*
*****
/*
/*          D R E G S
/*
/*

```

```

/*      Display registers from SC-1.
/*
/*****
dregs()
{int i;
  static char rtext[]={"AXBXCXDXSIDIBPSPCSDSESSSIPFL"}; /* register names
  wchs(CR);
  for (i=0;i<28;i+=2)
    {wchs(rtext[i]);
     wchs(rtext[i+1]);
     wchs('=');
     hexw(&screen,sclregs[i]>>1));
     wchs(' ');
     wchs(' ');
     if (i==12) wchs(CR);}
  return(1);}
/*****
/*
/*
/*          S C D U M P
/*
/*      Send command to dump a block of SC-1 memory.
/*
/*****
scdump(seg,off,len)
  int seg,
  off,
  len;
  {wrscl(DMEM);
   saddr(seg,off,len);
   if (rdscl()!=DUMPMEM)
     {error(BADSC1);
      return(0);}
   return(1);}
/*****
/*
/*
/*          S A D D R
/*
/*      Send memory address to SC-1.
/*
/*****
saddr(seg,off,len)
  int seg,
  off,
  len;
  {wrscl(seg);
   wrscl(seg>>8);
   wrscl(off);
   wrscl(off>>8);
   wrscl(len);}
/*****
/*
/*
/*          L R E G
/*
/*      Load an SC-1 register.
/*
/*****
lreg(reg,x)
  int reg,
  x;

```

```

{wrscl(LREGS); /* send load command */
wrscl(reg<<1); /* send register # */
wrscl(x); /* send low half */
wrscl(x>>8); /* send high half */
if (rdsc1()!=PROMPT) error(BADSC1);} /* check for prompt */
/*
/*****
/*
/* W N D I R
/*
/* Display directory of dump windows.
/*
/*****
/*
wmdir() /* window directory */
{static char *title= /* directory title */
{"Window Type Addr Lines Window Type Addr Lines"};
int i; /* iteration variable */
wchs(CR); /* new line */
stype(title); /* print title */
for (i=0;i<4;i++) /* scan windows */
{wchs(CR); /* new line */
wndex(i); /* display window discription*/
stype(" "); /* space to next column */
wndex(i+4);}} /* next column */
/*
/*****
/*
/* W N D E X
/*
/* Display dump window poop.
/*
/*****
/*
wndex(i) /* display window poop */
int i; /* window # */
{static char *wtype[]={" ", " DB ", " DW ", " DA "}; /* type text */
stype(" "); /* space */
wchs(box[i].wnum); /* print window # */
stype(" "); /* space */
if (box[i].used) /* window in use? */
stype(wtype[box[i].type]); /* print type */
else /* window unused */
stype("Free"); /* space */
stype(" "); /* space */
if (box[i].used==0) /* window filled? */
stype(" "); /* nope blank it */
else /* window filled */
{if (box[i].type==BL) /* window blank? */
stype(" "); /* print string */
else /* text there */
{hexw(&screen,box[i].daseg); /* type address */
wchs(':'); /* space */
hexw(&screen,box[i].topoff);}} /* line count */
stype(" "); /* space */
hex(&screen,box[i].lines-2);}}
/*
/*****

```

```

^ /*****
/*
/*
/*
/*      Print the specified error message on line 23 of the screen.
/*
/*
/*****

#include <supglob.c>                                /* locate global data
/*
error(err)                                           /* print error message
    int err;                                         /* message id
    {static char *msgs[]={                          /* message text
        "Pressure file recovered",                 /*      0
        "SAPMD communication error",               /*      1
        "Checksum error",                          /*      2
        "Bad command",                             /*      3
        "Error in hex file",                       /*      4
        "Bad input character",                     /*      5
        "No room for window",                      /*      6
        "Strange SC-1 response",                   /*      7
        "Can't find file",                         /*      8
        "Unexpected end-of-file",                  /*      9
        "No filename specified",                   /*     10
        "Error in calibration file (SAPMD.CAL)",    /*     11
        "Missing launch simulation file (LA.CMD)",  /*     12
        "error 13",
        "error 14",
        "error 15",
        "error 16",
        "error 17",
        "error 18",
        "error 19",
        "error 20",
        "error 21",
        "error 22",
        "error 23",},
        *arrow={"---> "};                          /* message header
        wchs(CR);                                   /* write character
        stype(arrow);                               /* print arrow
        stype(msgs[err]);                           /* print message
    }

/*****
/*
/*
/*
/*      Print the passed line of text on screen window.
/*
/*
/*****

stype(txt)                                           /* print character string
    char *txt;                                       /* string pointer
    {char *ptr;                                     /* iteration pointer
        for (ptr=txt;*ptr!='\0';ptr++) wchs(*ptr);} /* print arrow
    }

/*****
/*
/*
/*
/*      Print the passed line of text on window.
/*
/*
/*****

wtype(id,txt)                                       /* print character string
    struct window *id;                             /* window id

```

```
char *txt; /* string pointer */
{char *ptr; /* iteration pointer */
  for (ptr=txt;*ptr!='\0';ptr++) wchw(id,*ptr);} /* print arrow */
/*
/*****
```

```
#define MAIN 1
#include <supglob.c>
main(argc,argv)
int argc;
char *argv[];
{struct window *id,*x;
int i,j;
erase(activw);
m1=createw(0,11);
m2=createw(1,13);
m3=createw(2,13);
m4=createw(3,1);
m5=createw(4,10);
m6=createw(5,24);
debug(argc,argv);}

```

```

/******  

/*  

/*  

/*  

/*      Display menus on windows.  

/*  

/******  

#include <supglob.c>  

menu(n,e)  

    int n,  

        e;  

    static char *m1text[]={  

        " ",  

        "          HP/SAPMD ACCESS",  

        " ",  

        "1. COMMAND/INTERROGATE SAPMD",  

        "2. SAPMD SELF-TEST",  

        "3. RECOVER PRESSURE DATA filename",  

        "4. DISPLAY PRESSURE DATA filename",  

        "5. PRINT PRESSURE DATA filename",  

        " ",0};  

    static char *m2text[]={ /* command/interrogate text */  

        "SG ddd/hh:mm:ss Set GMT",  

        "SM ddd/hh:mm:ss Set elapsed time",  

        "TM Read GMT and MET",  

        "DR xx[,yy] Dump 80C31 ram from xx for yy bytes",  

        "DS xx Dump 80C31 SFR xx",  

        "DE xxxx[,yy] Dump 80C31 external memory xxxx for yy bytes",  

        "ER xx Enter 80C31 ram at xx",  

        "ES xx Enter 80C31 SFR xx",  

        "EE xxxx Enter 80C31 external memory",  

        "P filename[,xxxx] Program filename into EEPROM at xxxx",  

        "MON Toggle monitor data window display",0};  

    static char *m3text[]={ /* self-test text */  

        " ",  

        "          HP/SAPMD SELF-TEST",  

        " ",  

        "1. N/A",  

        "2. EEPROM TEST",  

        "3. N/A",  

        "4. N/A",  

        "5. N/A",  

        "6. 80C31 RAM TEST",  

        "7. 80C31 ROM TEST",  

        " ",0};  

    removw(activw); /* remove current window */  

    if (e) erase(&screen); /* clear screen */  

    switch (n) /* which menu? */  

    {case 1: /* main menu */  

        show(m1); /* display main menu */  

        pmenu(m1,m1text,1,20); /* display text */  

        activw=m1; /* flag active window */  

        break; /* next */  

        case 2: /* command/interrogate */  

        show(m2); /* display menu */  

        pmenu(m2,m2text,1,5); /* display menu text */  

        activw=m2; /* no window active */  

        break; /* next */  

        case 3: /* self-test */  

        show(m3); /* display self-test menu */  

        pmenu(m3,m3text,1,25); /* print text */  

        activw=m3; /* flag active window */  

        break; /* next */  

        case 4: /* monitor window */

```



```

/*****
/*
/*          P R P R E S S
/*
/*      Print pressure data file.
/*
/*****

#include <supglob.c>

prpress()
{int i,
    pnum;
    if (!getfile()) return(1);
    freopen("sapmd.lst","w",stdout);
    for (pnum=0;&prsam[pnum]<samptr;pnum+=80)
        ptpage(pnum);
    freopen("prn","w",stdout);
    for (pnum=0;&prsam[pnum]<samptr;pnum+=80)
        ptpage(pnum);
    freopen("con","w",stdout);
    return(0);}

/*****
/*
/*          P T P A G E
/*
/*      Print a page of pressure data.
/*
/*****

ptpage(sm)
int sm;
{static char *headr=
    {"SAMPLE          PRESSURE          SAMPLE          PRESSURE"};
    static char *title=
    {"          SAPMD PRESSURE DATA          SAPMD SERIAL #"};
    static char *space={"          "};
    int i,
        j,
        k;
    fputc(FF,stdout);
    printf("%s%s%4d\n\n%s\n\n",iptr,title,prsam[sm].serial,headr);
    for (j=0;j<40;j++)
        {psam(sm);
            printf("%s",
                    "          ");
            psam(sm+40);
            printf("\n");
            sm++;}}

/*****
/*
/*          P S A M
/*
/*      Print a sample.
/*
/*****

psam(sm)
int sm;
{if (&prsam[sm]<samptr)
    printf("    %3d          %5.2f",prsam[sm].sample,
        prsam[sm].press);}

/*****

```

```

/*****
/*
/*                                R E C O V E R                                */
/*
/*      Retrieve pressure data.
/*
/*****
/*
#include <supglob.c>                                /* locate global data
/*
#define BUFSIZE 20000                                /* Data buffer size
/*
recover()                                            /* fetch data
{FILE *pfile;                                       /* pressure data file
  union {int i;                                     /* sample index
    unsigned char b[5];} s;                         /*
  unsigned char rch,                               /* SAPMD response character
    rchbuf[BUFSIZE];                               /* Data buffer
  int i,                                            /* iteration variables
    n,                                            /* Buffer index
    cks;                                         /* checksum
  prompt("ENTER FILENAME: ");                   /* prompt for file
  i=rdln();                                       /* read filename
  if (i==HOME || i==LEFT) return(1);             /* bail out
  skbl();                                       /* skip blanks to filename
  if (*iptr==CR) return(1);                     /* null line?
  for (i=0;i<sizeof(line);i++)                  /* stomp EOL
    if (line[i]==CR) line[i]=0;                 /* ...
  pfile=fopen(iptr,"wb");                       /* open file.
  if (sacmd(DUMPRESS,0,0))                      /* send dump command
    if (!versg(PRESSFILE))                     /* pressure data coming?
      {cks=0;                                   /* clear checksum
        n = 0;                                 /* zero buffer index
        while (1)                              /* read until end
          {for (i=0;i<2;i++)                   /* read all data
            {if ((rch=rdsg())==EOPDATA) goto 11; /* done?
              if (rch==ABORT)                  /* error?
                {p_error(13);                  /* send error
                  fwrite(rchbuf,sizeof(rch),n,pfile); /* write data
                  fclose(pfile);               /* close file
                  return(1);                  /* bail out
              if (n < BUFSIZE)                 /* room left in buffer?
                {                               /*
                  rchbuf[n] = rch;             /* put byte in buffer
                  n++;                          /* increment buffer index
                }                               /*
              else                             /* if overrun, send error
                {                               /*
                  p_error(14);                 /* send error
                  fwrite(rchbuf,sizeof(rch),n,pfile); /* write data
                  fclose(pfile);               /* close file
                  return(1);                  /* bail out
                }                               /*
            }
          }
        }
      }
  /*      Next line no longer used
  /*      fputc(rch,pfile);                    write character
      s.b[i]=rch;                               /* make ascii byte
      s.b[2]='\0';                             /* terminate string
      cks+=bhex(&s);                            /* accumulate checksum
11:                                             /* EOD
    fwrite(rchbuf,sizeof(rch),n,pfile);        /* write data buffer
    fclose(pfile);                             /* close file
    for (i=0;i<4;i++)                          /* read checksum
      if ((s.b[i]=rdsg())==ABORT)              /* error?
        {p_error(15);                          /* send message
          return(1);                            /* bail out
        }
    s.b[4]='\0';                               /* terminate string

```

```

        if (cks!=bhex(&s))                /* compare checksums          */
            error(BADCHECK);              /* send error                  */
        else                               /* no error                    */
            {wchs(CR);                     /* just info.                  */
              stype("Pressure data recovered");}; /* print message              */
        return(1);};                      /* complete                    */
p_error(16);                             /* strange response            */
return(1);}                              /* return error                 */
/*
/*****

```



```

        if (!rpbyte()) break; /* print 2 bytes */
        stype(wrote); /* print 'wrote' */
        if (!rpbyte()) break; /* print 2 bytes */
        stype(read); /* print 'read' */
        if (!rpbyte()) break; /* print 2 bytes */
        continue; /* next */
    default: /* else */
        p_error(BADSAPMD);} /* strange response */
        break;}; /* exit loop */
    continue; /* next option */
case 1: /* commands no longer avail */
case 3:
case 4: /* A/D CONVERTOR TEST */
case 5: /* PRESSURE TRANSDUCER TEST */
default: /* bad option */
    error(BADCMD); /* print message */
    continue;}; /* next iteration */
        break;}}; /* next iteration */
if (token==Q) /* quit? */
{scrup(0,0,24,79,0); /* clear screen */
 i=inp(0x21); /* read 8259 interrupt mask */
 outp(0x21,i|0x10); /* stop serial interrupts */
 exit(0);}; /* stop. */
if (token==CMD) /* command file? */
{if (i=excfile()) error(i);} /* open command file */
else /* not a command file? */
    if (token!=EOL) error(BADCMD);}} /* null line? */
/*
/*****

```

```

/****** */
/*                                             */
/*                               S T A T U S   */
/*                                             */
/*          Maintain status line and dump window.      */
/*                                             */
/****** */
#include <supglob.c>                          /* locate global data */
status()                                       /* display status     */
{static char *statxt[]=                      /* status line text   */
 {"EEPROM-ON","SELF-TEST","GSE","ACQUISITION","COMPLETE","ERROR"};
 int i,                                       /* iteration variable */
     j,                                       /* iteration variable */
     k,                                       /* iteration variable */
     adr,                                    /* dump address       */
     bct;                                     /* dump byte count    */
 unsigned char st;                           /* status byte        */
 st=rdst();                                  /* get status byte    */
 m4->curx=0;                                 /* position cursor    */
 m4->cury=0;                                 /* ...                */
 for (i=0;i<6;i++)                         /* scan status bits  */
 {sat(0xf);                                /* set obg            */
  if ((st<<i)&0x20) sat(0xf8);               /* check for set bit  */
  wtype(m4,statxt[i]);                     /* display status     */
  m4->curx+=4;};                             /* next column       */
 m4->curx+=6;                                /* ...                */
 stct=(stct+1)&0x7fff;                       /* increment message count */
 cursor(m4);                                 /* position cursor    */
 sat(0xf);                                   /* obg                */
 printf("%5d",stct);                        /* display count     */
 sat(7);                                     /* normal video       */
 if (st&0x40)                               /* check for status or dump */
 {adr=rdst();                              /* get address        */
  bct=rdst();                              /* ... and byte count */
  if (activw==m5)                          /* monitor window active? */
  {m5->cury=0;                              /* position cursor    */
   for (i=bct;i>0;i-=16)                   /* count bytes displayed */
   {wchw(m5,CR);                            /* new line           */
    hexw(m5,adr);                          /* display address    */
    wchw(m5,' ');                          /* separate address   */
    wchw(' ');                             /*                    */
    adr+=16;                               /* next address       */
    k=0;                                   /* printed byte counter */
    for (j=i>16?16:i;j>0;j--)              /* count bytes on line */
    {wchw(m5,k++==' ':' ');                 /* read and print byte */
     hex(m5,rdst());}}                     /* no monitor window  */
 else                                        /* discard data       */
   for (i=0;i<bct;i++) rdst();}             /* ***** */

```

```

/******  

/*  

/* GLOBAL DECLARATIONS  

/*  

/******  

/*  

#include <stdio.h> /* get file poop  

#include <process.h> /* get exit  

#include <stdlib.h> /* get toupper  

#if M_I86SM  

    #pragma message( "Small Model" )  

#endif  

#if M_I86MM  

    #pragma message( "Medium Model" )  

#endif  

#if M_I86CM  

    #pragma message( "Compact Model" )  

#endif  

#if M_I86LM  

    #pragma message( "Large Model" )  

#endif  

#if M_I86HM  

    #pragma message( "Huge Model" )  

#endif  

#define BACKSPACE 8 /* ascii code: backspace */  

#define CR 0xd /* ascii code: carriage ret. */  

#define LF 0xa /* ascii code: line feed */  

#define FF 'L'-0x40 /* ascii code: form feed */  

#define TAB 9 /* ascii code: tab */  

#define CTRLC 3 /* ascii code: control-C */  

#define CTRLA 1 /* ascii code: control-A */  

#define CTRLR 0x12 /* ascii code: control-R */  

#define ESC 0x1b /* ascii code: escape */  

#define CEOF 0x1a /* ascii code: eof */  

#define SPL 0 /* IBM code: keypad char. seq*/  

#define DULC 0xc9 /* IBM code: doub. UL corner */  

#define DURC 0xbb /* IBM code: doub. UR corner */  

#define DUMD 0xcb /* IBM code: doub. UP middle */  

#define DLMD 0xca /* IBM code: doub. LO middle */  

#define DLLC 0xc8 /* IBM code: doub. LL corner */  

#define DLRC 0xbc /* IBM code: doub. LR corner */  

#define DLN 0xcd /* IBM code: doub. line */  

#define DVB 0xba /* IBM code: doub. vert. line*/  

#define SLN 0xc4 /* IBM code: single line */  

#define SVB 0xb3 /* IBM code: snl. vert. line*/  

#define DRSLN 0xc7 /* IBM code: left doub. snl.* */  

#define SUVB 0xc2 /* IBM code: snl. DN middle */  

#define DLSLN 0xb6 /* IBM code: rght. doub. snl.* */  

#define LDLN 0xcc /* IBM code: doub. left */  

#define SLVB 0xcf /* IBM code: snl. UP middle */  

#define DRDLN 0xb9 /* IBM code: doub. right */  

#define DMSLN 0xd7 /* IBM code: middle */  

/*  

#define NUL 0 /* token: nothing */  

#define UP 1 /* token: up arrow */  

#define DOWN 2 /* token: down arrow */  

#define LEFT 3 /* token: left arrow */  

#define RIGHT 4 /* token: right arrow */  

#define PGDN 5 /* token: page down */  

#define PGUP 6 /* token: page up */  

#define INS 7 /* token: insert */  

#define DEL 8 /* token: del */  

#define NUMBER 9 /* token: number */  

#define EOL 10 /* token: carriage return */

```

```

#define CTA 11
#define CTC 12
#define CTR 13
#define COMMA 14
#define SG 15
#define SM 16
#define TM 17
#define ES 18
#define COLON 19
#define DR 20
#define DE 21
#define ER 22
#define EE 23
#define EQU 26
#define Q 42
#define P 43
#define HOME 44
#define ND 45
#define MON 46
#define DS 47
#define SLASH 48
#define LW 49
#define IB 50
#define OB 51
#define E 53
#define CMD 54
#define LA 55

#define SETGMT 'P'
#define SETMET 'Q'
#define DUMPRAM 'I'
#define DUMPSFR 'M'
#define DUMPEXT 'J'
#define LOADRAM 'G'
#define LOADSFR 'L'
#define LOADEE 'H'
#define SELFTEST 'K'
#define DUMPRESS 'N'
#define ILNK 'Z'

#define RAMDATA 'G'
#define EXTDATA 'J'
#define TESTCOMP 'K'
#define SFRDATA 'M'
#define PRESSFILE 'N'
#define EOPDATA 'P'
#define EEPERR 'U'
#define RAMERR 'V'
#define ABORT 'X'
#define ACK 'W'

#define GOTIT 0
#define BADSAPMD 1
#define BADCHECK 2
#define BADCMD 3
#define BADFILE 4
#define BADCHAR 5
#define NOFILE 8
#define EOFERR 9
#define NONAME 10
#define BADCAL 11
#define NOLAFILE 12

#define GMTADR 0x14

#define BL 0

/* token: control-A */
/* token: control-C */
/* token: control-R */
/* token: comma */
/* token: set-gmt */
/* token: set-met */
/* token: time */
/* token: enter SFR */
/* token: colon */
/* token: dump ram */
/* token: dump code */
/* token: enter ram */
/* token: enter external mem */
/* token: equal sign */
/* token: quit */
/* token: program */
/* token: home */
/* token: end */
/* token: monitor */
/* token: dump SFR */
/* token: '/' */
/* token: load windows */
/* token: input from port */
/* token: output to port */
/* token: enter current type */
/* token: at sign */
/* token: rubber launch */
/*
/* SAPMD command: set-gmt */
/* SAPMD command: set-met */
/* SAPMD command: dump ram */
/* SAPMD command: dump SFR */
/* SAPMD command: dump code */
/* SAPMD command: load ram */
/* SAPMD command: load SFR */
/* SAPMD command: load EEPROM */
/* SAPMD command: self-test */
/* SAPMD command: dump press. */
/* SAPMD command: abort */
/*
/* SAPMD response: ram data */
/* SAPMD response: code data */
/* SAPMD response: test comp. */
/* SAPMD response: SFR data */
/* SAPMD response: press. data */
/* SAPMD response: EOD */
/* SAPMD response: EEPROM err */
/* SAPMD response: ram error */
/* SAPMD response: error */
/* SAPMD response: complete */
/*
/* message: data recovered */
/* error code: SAPMD error */
/* error code: checksum error */
/* error code: bad command */
/* error code: bad hex file */
/* error code: bad character */
/* error code: file not found */
/* error code: early EOF */
/* error code: no filename */
/* error code: bad cal. file */
/* error code: no la.cmd */
/*
/* 80C51 address: GMT & MET */
/*
/* window type: blank */

```

```

#define DBT 1
#define DWD 2
#define DA 3

struct window {int scry;
               int curx;
               int cury;
               int lines;
               int daseg;
               int daoff;
               int toloff;
               char wnum;
               char disp;
               char type;
               char ovr;
               char used;};

struct sam {int sample;
            int serial;
            float press;
            } huge prsam[4100],
            huge *samptr;

struct cal {int serial;
            int offset;
            float coef;}; sapmd[100];

struct window screen
#ifdef MAIN
    = {0,0,23,24,0,0,0,0,1,0,-1,1}
#endif
    ,box[8]
#ifdef MAIN
    = {0,0,0,0,0,0,0,'0',0,0,-1,0,
       0,0,0,0,0,0,0,'1',0,0,-1,0,
       0,0,0,0,0,0,0,'2',0,0,-1,0,
       0,0,0,0,0,0,0,'3',0,0,-1,0,
       0,0,0,0,0,0,0,'4',0,0,-1,0,
       0,0,0,0,0,0,0,'5',0,0,-1,0,
       0,0,0,0,0,0,0,'6',0,0,-1,0,
       0,0,0,0,0,0,0,'7',0,0,-1,0}
#endif
    ;

struct window *scline[26]
#ifdef MAIN
    = {0,0,0,0,0,
       0,0,0,0,0,
       0,0,0,0,0,
       0,0,0,0,0,
       0,0,0,0,0,0}
#endif
    ,*activw
#ifdef MAIN
    = 0
#endif
    ;

char ch,
    line[128];
char *iptr
#ifdef MAIN
    = line
#endif
    ;

int token
    ,acc;

/* window type: dumped bytes */
/* window type: dumped words */
/* window type: disassembly */
/*
/* window context block */
/* cursor position */
/*
/* number of lines in window */
/* address of displayed data */
/* ... offset */
/* addr. of top instr. (DA) */
/* window number */
/* displayed flag */
/* window contents flag */
/* segment override flag */
/* in-use flag */
/*
/* sample number */
/* SAPMD serial # */
/*
/* pre-processed samples */
/* last processed sample */
/* SAPMD serial # */
/* SAPMD transducer adjust. */
/* SAPMD calibration coeffs. */
/*
/* underlying screen */
/* fool worthless compiler */
/* initialize screen */
/* compiler fooled */
/* dump windows */
/* fool compiler */
/* initialize seg ovr flag */
/*
/*
/*
/* line directory */
/* fool worthless compiler */
/* window-on-line flags */
/*
/*
/* all null */
/* compiler fooled */
/* currently active window */
/* fool worthless compiler */
/* start with screen */
/*
/*
/*
/* character temp */
/* keyboard command line */
/* command input index */
/* fool worthless compiler */
/* initial index */
/* compiler fooled */
/*
/*
/* token id of lexical unit */
/* accumulated number */

```

```

int op0,
    c,
    cflag,
    echo
#ifdef MAIN
    =1
#endif
;
int stct
#ifdef MAIN
    =0
#endif
;
int cmdfile
#ifdef MAIN
    =0
#endif
;

struct window *m1,*m2,*m3,*m4,*m5,*m6;

FILE *cfile;

extern struct window *createw();

```

```

/* */
/* disassembly opcode byte 0 */
/* characters in byte */
/* byte changed flag */
/* echo kb input flag */
/* fool compiler */
/* default to echo */
/* compiler fooled */
/* */
/* status transmission count */
/* fool compiler */
/* clear */
/* compiler fooled */
/* */
/* command file flag */
/* fool compiler */
/* ... */
/* */
/* */
/* menu windows */
/* */
/* command file */
/* */
/* func: create dump window */
/* */
/******/

```

```

/******  

/*  

/* W I N D O W  

/*  

/* The routines in this collection implement the dump windows. They  

/* do the right thing at the right time when it is time to draw a box on the  

/* screen and keep track of it for the purpose of displaying memory contents  

/* of the target computer.  

/*  

/******  

#include <supglob.c>  

/* locate global data  

/*  

/******  

/* C R E A T E W  

/*  

/* Create a dump window on the screen so it can be dumped all over.  

/*  

/******  

struct window *createw(id,linect) /* create a window  

int id, /* window id  

linect; /* size of window  

{if (!box[id].used) /* free slot?  

{box[id].used=1; /* claim slot  

box[id].lines=linect; /* set # lines in box  

box[id].curx=1; /* set cursor position  

box[id].cury=1; /*  

box[id].disp=0; /* not displayed  

box[id].type=BL; /* window blank  

return(&box[id]);}; /* return window id  

return(0);} /* can't create window  

/*  

/******  

/* S H O W  

/*  

/* Attempt to place the specified window on the screen. Return success  

/* or failure indicator.  

/*  

/******  

show(id) /* present window  

struct window *id; /* window id  

{int i, /* iteration variable  

j; /* iteration variable  

if (id->disp) return(1); /* window already displayed  

for (i=0;i<=24;i++) /* check all lines on screen  

if (!scline[i]) /* check line for window  

{if (25-i<id->lines) break; /* enough lines left?  

for (j=i;j<i+id->lines;j++) scline[j]=id; /* mark line in use  

id->screy=j; /* mark screen row  

screen.screy=j; /* top free screen line  

screen.lines-=id->lines; /* reduce lines on screen  

screen.cury-=id->lines; /* adjust cursor within  

erase(id); /* blank window  

frame(id); /* draw its frame  

id->disp=1; /* mark window displayed  

return(1)}; /* return window id  

return(0);} /* can't create window  

/*  

/******  

/* R E M O V E W  

/*  

/*
```

```

/*      Delete the specified dump window and erase it from the screen.
/* Squish any windows that may be under it and update the # lines remaining
/* on the screen.
/*
/*****
removw(id)
    struct window *id;
    {int i,
        j,
        wbot;
    if (!id) return(1);
    if (!id->used) return(0);
    if (!id->disp) return(1);
    wbot=id->scry+id->lines;
    for (i=wbot;scline[i];i+=scline[i]->lines)
        {scline[i]->scry-=id->lines;
            for (j=scline[i]->scry;
                j<scline[i]->scry+scline[i]->lines;j++) /* for new window
                    scline[j]=scline[i];};
    scrup(id->scry,0,i-1,79,id->lines);
    for (j=id->lines;j>0;j--) scline[i-j]=0;
    screen.scry-=id->lines;
    screen.cury+=id->lines;
    screen.lines+=id->lines;
    id->disp=0;
    if (id==activw) activ(scline[0]);
    return(1);}

/*****
/*
/*
/*
/*      Write the passed character on the specified window at the current
/* cursor position and bump the cursor.
/*
/*****
wchw(id,ch)
    struct window *id;
    char ch;
    {if (!id->used) return(0);
        if (ch==CR)
            {id->curx=1;
                if (id->cury==id->lines-2)
                    uscroll(id);
                else
                    id->cury++;
                cursor(id);}
        else
            {cursor(id);
                wch(ch);
                if (id->curx<80) id->curx++;};
        return(1);}

/*****
/*
/*
/*      W C H S
/*
/*      Write the passed character on the screen window at the current
/* cursor position and bump the cursor.
/*
/*****
wchs(ch)
    char ch;

```

```

    {if (ch==CR) /* check for new line */
      {screen.curx=0; /* cursor to start of line */
        if (screen.cury==screen.lines-1) /* check for bottom */
          scrup(screen.scry,0,screen.scry+screen.lines-1,79,1); /* scroll */
        else /* not at bottom line */
          screen.cury++; /* next line */
        cursor(&screen); /* move cursor */
      }
    else /* not cr or lf */
      {cursor(&screen); /* position cursor */
        wch(ch); /* write character */
        if (screen.curx<80) screen.curx++; /* at end of line? */
      }
    return(1); /* return success */
  }

/*
/*
/*          C U R S O R
/*
/*      Position the cursor to the screen position of the cursor for the
/* the specified window.
/*
/*
/******
/*
/* position cursor
cursor(id) /* window id
  struct window *id;
  {movcurs(id->scry+id->cury,id->curx);} /* move cursor
/*
/******
/*
/*          U S C R O L L
/*
/*      Scroll the specified window up. Blank bottom line.
/*
/*
/******
/*
/* scroll window 1 line
uscroll(id) /* window id
  struct window *id;
  {scrup(id->scry+1,1,id->scry+id->lines-2,78,1);} /* scroll
/*
/******
/*
/*          D S C R O L L
/*
/*      Scroll the specified window down. Blank top line.
/*
/*
/******
/*
/* scroll down 1 line
dscroll(id) /* window id
  struct window *id;
  {scrend(id->scry+1,1,id->scry+id->lines-2,78,1);} /* scroll
/*
/******
/*
/*          F R A M E
/*
/*      Draw a box around a dump window.
/*
/*
/******
/*
/* frame a window.
frame(id) /* window id
  struct window *id;
  {int i; /* iteration variable
    if (id->lines<3) return(0); /* room for frame?
    movcurs(id->scry,0); /* move to upper left corner
    wch(DULC); /* draw upper left corner
    for (i=1;i<79;i++) /* draw line
      wch(DLN); /* draw border
  }
}

```

```

wch(DURC); /* draw upper right corner */
for (i=id->scry+1;i<id->scry+id->line-1;i++) /* draw sides */
{movcurs(i,0); /* move to left side */
 wch(DVB); /* draw left border */
 movcurs(i,79); /* move to right side */
 wch(DVB);} /* draw right border */
movcurs(id,0); /* move to line start */
wch(DLLC); /* draw lower left corner */
for (i=1;i<79;i++) wch(DLN); /* draw lower border */
wch(DLRC);} /* draw lower right corner */
/*
/*****
/*
/* E R A S E
/*
/* Blank the specified window.
/*
/*****
erase(id) /* blank window
 struct window *id; /* window id
 {scrup(id->scry,0,id->scry+id->line-1,79,0);} /* clear window
/*
/*****
/*
/* C L E A R
/*
/* Blank the specified window inside border.
/*
/*****
clear(id) /* blank window
 struct window *id; /* window id
 {scrup(id->scry+1,1,id->scry+id->line-2,78,0);} /* clear window
/*
/*****
/*
/* A C T V
/*
/* Change active window.
/*
/*****
actv(id) /* change active window
 struct window *id; /* new active window
 {activw=id;} /* change activw window
/*
/*****

```

```

;
;                                     C O N I O
;
;       This collection performs console I/O in "don't help me" mode (direct
; console I/O). These are C callable functions.
;
; Local symbols:
;
;
;
;                                     ; select instruction set
        .8086
PUBLIC   _RDC,_WRCH,_TICK
;
_TEXT    SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC 'CODE'      ; code segment
ASSUME   CS:_TEXT
;
;
;                                     _ W R C H
;
;       Write a character to the screen. Character is passed as parameter.
;
;
;                                     ; Write to console
_WRCH    PROC     NEAR                    ; perform C procedure entry
        PUSH     BP                      ; ...
        MOV      BP,SP                  ; get character
        MOV      DX,4[BP]               ; get MS-DOS function code
        MOV      AH,6                  ; write character
        INT      21H                   ; restore ...
        POP      BP                    ; ---> return
;
;                                     ; end-of-_WRCH
_WRCH    ENDP
;
;
;                                     _ R D C H
;
;       Check for a keyboard input character. Return 0FFH if no character
; available, character otherwise.
;
;
;                                     ; Read from console
_RDC     PROC     NEAR                    ; get MS-DOS function code
        MOV      AH,6                  ; request input
        MOV      DL,0FFH               ; read console
        INT      21H                   ; character ready?
        JNZ      RD1                   ; ... nope, return no character
        MOV      AL,0FFH               ; character in AL
RD1:     XOR      AH,AH                 ; clear for return
        RET                          ; ---> return
;
;                                     ; end-of-_RDC
_RDC     ENDP
;
;
;                                     _ T I C K
;
;       Check for an interval timeout. Timeout flag is set by interval
; timer interrupt.
;
;
;                                     ; check for timeout
_TICK    PROC     NEAR                    ; point to timer flag
        MOV      AX,SEG TIMER

```

```

MOV     ES,AX                ; ...
MOV     AX,ES:TIMER          ; get flag
RET     ; ---> return
_TICK   ENDP                ;
;
////////////////////////////////////
;
;                               TIMER INTERRUPT HANDLER
;
////////////////////////////////////
;
TIMPOOP SEGMENT PARA PUBLIC  ; timer interrupt handler data
TIMER    DW      0           ; interrupt flag
TIMPOOP  ENDS               ; end-of-TIMPOOP
;
_TEXT    ENDS               ; end-of-_TEXT
;
END      ; end-of-console I/O routines

```

F I O

This collection of routines performs SAPMD I/O.

```

.8086                                ; select instruction set
PUBLIC  _COMIO,_WRSG,_RDS,SERINT,_RDST,_POLST,_POLSG,_PURGE

```

```
_TEXT    SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC 'CODE'          ; code segment
ASSUME   CS:_TEXT,DS:SERDATA
```

C O M I O

Take the poop passed in parameters and perform I/O over COM:

```

_COMIO PROC NEAR ; COM: I/O
        PUSH BP ; perform C procedure entry protocol
        MOV BP,SP ; point to parameters
        MOV AH,6[BP] ; get command
        MOV DX,03F8H+3 ; point at RS232 card
        MOV AL,80H ; get init command
        OUT DX,AL ; initialize card
        JMP SHORT $+2 ; delay
        DEC DX ; point to baud rate
        DEC DX ; ...
        MOV AL,0 ; get high baud rate
        OUT DX,AL ; set high baud rate count
        DEC DX ; back up address
        JMP SHORT $+2 ; delay
        MOV AL,18 ; get low divisor (18=6400 baud)
        OUT DX,AL ; set low divisor
        ADD DX,3 ; new address
        MOV AL,AH ; get parameter
        AND AL,01FH ; get character specs
        OUT DX,AL ; set character poop
        PUSH AX ; save
        CLI ; lock
        MOV DX,3F8H ; point to serial port
        IN AL,DX ; read away any garbage
        JMP SHORT $+2 ; delay
        IN AL,21H ; read 8259 mask register
        AND AL,0EFH ; clear serial mask
        OUT 21H,AL ; set mask
        XOR AX,AX ; get 0
        MOV ES,AX ; point to vectors
        MOV ES:WORD PTR 30H,OFFSET SERINT; initialize serial vector
        MOV ES:WORD PTR 32H,SEG SERINT ; ...
        INC DX ; point to interrupt mask on serial cd.
        MOV AL,1 ; enable receive interrupts
        OUT DX,AL ; ...
        MOV DX,3FCH ; modem control reg.
        MOV AL,0BH ;
        OUT DX,AL ;
        STI ; unlock
        POP AX ; restore
        POP BP ; ...
        RET ; ---> return
COMIO ENDP ; end-of- COMIO

```

```

;
;
; _ W R S G
;
; Write a character to the SAPMD.
;
;
;
_WRSG PROC NEAR ; write SAPMD
        PUSH BP ; perform C procedure entry protocol
        MOV BP,SP ; point to parameters
        MOV DX,03F8H+5 ; get status port address
WRS1:    ; wait for txrdy
        IN AL,DX ; read status
        TEST AL,40H ; check txrdy
        JZ WRS1 ; empty?
        MOV DX,3FEH ; get port address
WRS2:    ; wait for clear-to-send
        IN AL,DX ; read status reg
        TEST AL,10H ; test clear-to-send
        JZ WRS2 ; SAPMD ready?
        MOV AL,4[BP] ; ... yep, get character
        MOV DX,03F8H ; get port address
        OUT DX,AL ; send character
        POP BP ; ...
        RET ; ---> return
WRSG ENDP ; end-of- WRSG

```

```

;
;                                     _ R D S T
;
;      Read a status character from SAPMD.
;
;
;
;
;
;
; read SAPMD status byte
; save
; point to input buffers
; ...

```

```

MOV      BX,DBOUTP      ; get output pointer
RDS1:    CMP      BX,DBINP      ; check buffer level
        JE       RDS1      ; compare with input pointer
        MOV      AL,DBUF[BX]   ; any data in buffer?
        MOV      AH,0        ; get character
        INC      BX          ; clear upper word
        AND      BX,0FFH     ; move to next position
        MOV      DBOUTP,BX    ; mod 256
        POP      DS          ; save
        RET          ; ...
_RDST    ENDP              ; ---> return
                          ; end-of-_RDST
                          ;
////////////////////////////////////
;
;                               _ P O L S T
;
;      Check for status character from SAPMD.
;
////////////////////////////////////
;
_POLST   PROC      NEAR      ; check for SAPMD status byte
        PUSH     DS          ; save
        MOV      AX,SEG SERDATA ; point to input buffers
        MOV      DS,AX      ; ...
        XOR      AX,AX      ; get data avail flag
        MOV      BX,DBOUTP   ; get output pointer
        CMP      BX,DBINP    ; compare with input pointer
        JNE      POLS1      ; any data in buffer?
POLS2:   DEC      AX          ; _POLSG entry
        DEC      AX          ; flag no data
POLS1:   RESTORE    and return
        POP      DS          ; ...
        RET          ; ---> return
_POLST   ENDP              ; end-of-_POLST
                          ;
////////////////////////////////////
;
;                               _ P O L S G
;
;      Poll a response character from SAPMD.
;
////////////////////////////////////
;
_POLSG   PROC      NEAR      ; read SAPMD response byte
        PUSH     DS          ; save
        MOV      AX,SEG SERDATA ; point to input buffers
        MOV      DS,AX      ; ...
        XOR      AX,AX      ; flag data
        MOV      BX,RBOUTP   ; get output pointer
        CMP      BX,RBINP    ; compare with input pointer
        JNE      POLS1      ; any data in buffer?
        JMP      POLS2      ; no data
_POLSG   ENDP              ; end-of-_POLSG
                          ;
////////////////////////////////////
;
;                               _ P U R G E
;
;      Empty SAPMD response buffer.
;
////////////////////////////////////
;
_PURGE   PROC      NEAR      ; delete responses
        PUSH     DS          ; save
        MOV      AX,SEG RBINP ; point to response buffer pointers

```

```

MOV     DS,AX                ; ...
CLI                     ; lock
MOV     RBINP,0             ; clear pointers
MOV     RBOUTP,0           ; ...
STI                     ; unlock
POP     DS                 ; restore
RET                      ; ---> return
_PURGE ENDP               ; end-of-PURGE
                          ;
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
;
;                               S E R I N T
;
;   Serial interrupt handler.
;
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
SERINT:                    ; serial interrupt
    PUSH    AX              ; save registers
    PUSH    DX              ; ...
    PUSH    BX              ; ...
    PUSH    SI              ; ...
    PUSH    ES              ; ...
    PUSH    DS              ; ...
    STI                   ; unlock
    MOV     AX,SEG SERDATA  ; point to local data
    MOV     DS,AX          ; ...
    MOV     DX,3F8H        ; point to serial buffer
    IN      AL,DX           ; read character
    CMP     DMFLG,0         ; check for SAPMD ram dump
    JNE     SERIN4          ; data coming?
    TEST    AL,80H          ; check for status or response
    JNZ     SERIN1          ; status
    MOV     SI,RBINP        ; get buffer index
    MOV     RBUF[SI],AL     ; plant character
    INC     SI              ; point to next character
    AND     SI,0FFH         ; mod 256
    CMP     SI,RBOUTP       ; check with output pointer
    JNE     SERIN2          ; overflow?
    MOV     SI,RBINP        ; restore pointer
SERIN2:                    ; restore and return
    MOV     RBINP,SI        ; save input pointer
SERIN3:                    ; exit
    MOV     AL,20H          ; get EOI code
    OUT     20H,AL          ; release 8259
    POP     DS              ; restore ...
    POP     ES              ; ...
    POP     SI              ; ...
    POP     BX              ; ...
    POP     DX              ; ...
    POP     AX              ; ...
    IRET                   ; ---> resume
SERIN1:                    ; status or dump
    TEST    AL,40H          ; check for status or dump
    JZ      SERIN5          ; status?
SERIN6:                    ; count byte
    INC     DMFLG           ; ... nope, dump. Flag it.
SERIN5:                    ; status
    MOV     SI,DBINP        ; get buffer index
    MOV     DBUF[SI],AL     ; plant character
    INC     SI              ; point to next character
    AND     SI,0FFH         ; mod 256
    CMP     SI,DBOUTP       ; check with output pointer
    JNE     SERIN8          ; overflow?
    MOV     SI,DBINP        ; restore pointer
SERIN8:                    ; restore and return

```

```

        MOV     DBINP,SI      ; save input pointer
        JMP     SERIN3        ; go return
SERIN4:                                ; dump in progress
        CMP     DMFLG,2       ; check for byte count time
        JL      SERIN6        ; go count again
        JG      SERIN7        ; byte count gone?
        MOV     BCNT,AL       ; plant byte count
SERIN7:                                ; byte count gone.
        DEC     BCNT          ; count byte
        JNL     SERIN6        ; more to come?
        MOV     DMFLG,0       ; last byte
        JMP     SERIN5        ; save it
_TEXT   ENDS                  ;
;
;//////////////////////////
;
;      Local data
;
;//////////////////////////
;
SERDATA SEGMENT PARA PUBLIC      ; serial I/O data
RBINP   DW      0               ; response buffer input pointer
RBOUTP  DW      0               ; response buffer output pointer
DBINP   DW      0               ; dump buffer input pointer
DBOUTP  DW      0               ; dump buffer output pointer
DMFLG   DW      0               ; dump progress counter
DBUF    DB      256 DUP (?)     ; dump buffer address
RBUF    DB      256 DUP (?)     ; response buffer address
BCNT    DB      0               ; dump byte count
SERDATA ENDS                    ;
;
;
        END                   ; end-of-ground I/O routines

```

```

;
;
; _ W I N D O W
;
; These routines support the C routines in WINDOW.C. The perform
; direct screen control using the ROM BIOS.
;
; Local symbols:
;
;
;
; .8086 ; select instruction set
PUBLIC _WCH,_SCRUP,_SCRDN,_MOVCURS,_SETVPAGE,_SCH,_SAT
PUBLIC _PSHCURS,_SETCURS,_POPCURS
;
_TEXT SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC 'CODE' ; code segment
ASSUME CS:_TEXT
;
;
; _ W C H
;
; Write a character to the screen. Character is passed as parameter.
; Character is written at current cursor position using current attributes.
;
;
;
_WCH PROC NEAR ; Write to console
PUSH BP ; perform C procedure entry
MOV BP,SP ; ...
MOV AX,SEG WINDPOOP ; point to window data
MOV ES,AX ; ...
MOV AX,4[BP] ; get character
MOV BH,ES:VPAGE ; get video page number
MOV CX,1 ; get character count
MOV AH,9 ; get BIOS function code
MOV BL,ES:ATTRIB ; get current attributes
INT 10H ; write character
MOV AH,3 ; get command
INT 10H ; read cursor position
CMP DL,79 ; check column
JGE WCH1 ; end-of-line?
INC DL ; nope, next column
MOV AH,2 ; get command
INT 10H ; set cursor position
WCH1: ; don't move cursor
POP BP ; restore ...
RET ; ---> return
_WCH ENDP ; end-of-_WCH
;
;
; _ M O V C U R S
;
; Move the cursor to the specified screen position.
;
;
;
_MOVCURS PROC NEAR ; move cursor
PUSH BP ; save
MOV BP,SP ; point to parameters
MOV AX,SEG WINDPOOP ; get window data pointer
MOV ES,AX ; ...
MOV BH,ES:VPAGE ; get video page number
MOV DH,4[BP] ; ...
MOV DL,6[BP] ; ...

```

```

MOV      AH,2                ; get command code
INT      10H                 ; position cursor
POP      BP                  ; ...
RET      ; ---> return
_MOVCURS ENDP               ; end-of-_MOVCURS
;
;
;                               _ P S H C U R S
;
;       Save the current cursor attributes.
;
;
; ////////////////////////////////////////
;
_PSHCURS PROC    NEAR        ; save cursor
    PUSH     BP              ; save
    MOV      BP,SP           ; point to parameters
    MOV      AX,SEG WINDPOOP ; get window data pointer
    MOV      ES,AX           ; ...
    MOV      BH,ES:VPAGE     ; get video page number
    MOV      AH,3            ; get function code
    INT      10H             ; read cursor poop
    MOV      BX,ES:CURPTR    ; get stack pointer
    MOV      ES:RCOL[BX],DX  ; plant position ...
    MOV      ES:CTYPE[BX],CX ; ... and attributes
    ADD      ES:CURPTR,2     ; bump stack
    POP      BP              ; ...
    RET      ; ---> return
_PSHCURS ENDP          ; end-of-_PSHCURS
;
;
; ////////////////////////////////////////
;
;                               _ P O P C U R S
;
;       Restore the current cursor attributes.
;
;
; ////////////////////////////////////////
;
_POPCURS PROC    NEAR        ; restore cursor
    PUSH     BP              ; save
    MOV      BP,SP           ; point to parameters
    PUSH     SI              ; save SI
    MOV      AX,SEG WINDPOOP ; get window data pointer
    MOV      ES,AX           ; ...
    MOV      SI,ES:CURPTR    ; get stack pointer
    TEST     SI,SI           ; anything on stack?
    JZ       POP1            ; ...
    DEC      SI              ; pop stack
    DEC      SI              ; ...
    MOV      ES:CURPTR,SI    ; ...
    MOV      BH,ES:VPAGE     ; get video page number
    MOV      DX,ES:RCOL[SI] ; get postion
    MOV      AH,2            ; get function code
    INT      10H             ; position cursor
    MOV      CX,ES:CTYPE[SI] ; get type
    MOV      AH,1            ; get function code
    INT      10H             ; turn on cursor
POP1:                          ; no saved cursor
    POP      SI              ; ... restore
    POP      BP              ; ...
    RET      ; ---> return
_POPCURS ENDP          ; end-of-_POPCURS
;
;
; ////////////////////////////////////////
;
;                               S E T C U R S

```

```

;          Set the current cursor attributes.
;
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
;
_SETCURS PROC    NEAR                                ; set cursor
                PUSH    BP                            ; save
                MOV     BP,SP                          ; point to parameters
                MOV     CX,4[BP]                       ; get attributes
                MOV     AH,1                           ; get function code
                INT     10H                             ; read cursor poop
                POP     BP                              ; ...
                RET                                     ; ---> return
_SETCURS ENDP                                         ; end-of-_SETCURS
;
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
;
;                      _ S C R U P
;
;      Scroll window up.  Bottom line is blanked.
;
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
;
_SCRUP  PROC      NEAR                                ; Scroll window up
MOV     AH,6                                           ; get function code
SCR1:                                       ; _SCRDN entry
        PUSH     BP                                  ; save
        MOV     BP,SP                               ; point to parameters
        push     ax
        MOV     ax,SEG WINDPOOP                     ; point to window poop
        MOV     ES,ax                                 ; ...
        pop      ax
        MOV     BH,ES:ATTRIB                         ; get attributes
        MOV     CH,4[BP]                             ; get upper left row
        MOV     CL,6[BP]                             ; get upper left column
        MOV     DH,8[BP]                             ; get lower right row
        MOV     DL,10[BP]                            ; get lower right column
        MOV     AL,12[BP]                            ; get # lines
        INT     10H                                   ; scroll
        POP     BP                                    ; restore
        RET                                          ; ---> return
_SCRUP  ENDP                                         ; end-of-scroll up
;
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
;
;                      _ S C R D N
;
;      Scroll active window down.  Top line is blanked.
;
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
;
_SCRDN  PROC      NEAR                                ; scroll window down
MOV     AH,7                                           ; get function code
JMP     SCR1                                           ; go scroll
_SCRDN  ENDP                                         ; end-of-_SCRDN
;
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
;
;                      _ S E T V P A G E
;
;      Set video page number displayed on screen.
;
;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;;
;
_SETVPAGE PROC    NEAR                                ; set video page number
                PUSH    BP                            ; save

```



HP/SGA "READ ME"

Notes on the modified "Shuttle Gauge Access" software, HPSGA:

1. The program is invoked by typing HPSGA<return> at the DOS prompt.
2. Options 3, 4, and 5 have been removed from the self test menu. Option 1, "all tests" has also been removed.
3. Display and print pressure data functions do not include GMT. Only the sample number and the pressure is printed.
4. Display and print pressure data functions do not handle missing or incorrect sample numbers. If this happens, the displayed results may not be reliable.

#### HPSGA Generation

The program consists of several C and assembly modules. These modules have the same names as the original SGA software.

The C modules were compiled using the Microsoft C version 5.1 compiler. These modules are NOT GUARANTEED to compile without errors on earlier versions of the Microsoft compiler or any other compiler. It may be necessary to make minor modifications to compile with anything other than Microsoft C 5.1.

The assembly modules were compiled using the Microsoft Macro Assembler version 5.1 assembler. These modules are NOT GUARANTEED to assemble without errors on earlier versions of the Microsoft assembler or any other assembler. It may be necessary to make minor modifications to assemble with anything other than Microsoft Macro Assembler 5.1. However, it is expected that earlier versions would assemble without errors.

Two command files are supplied to aid in generating HPSGA:

hpsga               - make file for HPSGA  
hpsgalnk.lnk       - link file for HPSGA

The Microsoft MAKE ( ver 4.07 ) utility is used to start the generation by typing the following at the DOS prompt:

make hpsga<return>

This will start the MAKE utility (not supplied). The file "hpsga" contains rules that MAKE uses to decide which files need to be recompiled. After all necessary compilation have been performed, the linker file "hpsgalnk.lnk" is used to link the modules together. This is handled automatically by the MAKE utility. The make file "hpsga" assumes that all of the source files are in a directory named "SAPMD", and that the programming environment follows the conventions suggested by Microsoft. ( Specifically, that C include files are in the "\INCLUDE" directory ).

Note that it is not necessary to use MAKE, or the command files

supplied. If these are not used, then each of the files will need to be compiled manually and the programmer needs to keep track of the source files needing to be recompiled or reassembled.

All of the source files were edited using the Microsoft Editor. Any editor that produces ASCII files may be used.

jlk 1/3/89

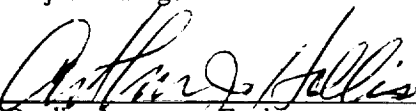
→

## SAPMD ACCEPTANCE TEST PROCEDURE

**An Acceptance Test Procedure  
for the  
Stand Alone Pressure Monitor**

Prepared by :  Date : 4/7/88

Approved by :  Date : 4/7/88  
Project Manager

Approved by :  Date : 4/07/88  
Quality Assurance Engineer

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## **1. Scope**

This document contains the acceptance test procedure for the flight model Stand Alone Pressure Monitor ( SAPMD ), P.N.15-1062-900, serial numbers 1 to 4. Work on this project was funded by the NASA Johnson Space Center under contract NAS9-17601.

## 2. Applicable Documents and Specifications

The following documents and specifications are applicable to this procedure to the extent called out in the body of this procedure. In the event of a conflict between the contents of this document and one or more of the documents or specifications listed below this document shall take precedence.

### NASA Documents and Specifications

|                               |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| JSC-SP-T-0023B                | Specifications for Environmental Acceptance Tests            |
| NAS9-17601<br>Modification 4S | Contract for the Stand Alone Pressure Monitor device (SAPMD) |

### DOD Documents and Specifications

### SwRI Documents and Specifications

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| 1062-CEI-01 | Configuration End Item Specification for the Stand Alone Pressure Monitor Device |
| DSS-7       | Control of Electrostatic Discharge   |
| 1062-SGA-01 | Shuttle Gauge Access Software User's Guide                                       |
| XX-AG-103   | Instrument Calibration and Instrument Repair Procedure                           |

### **3. General Test Guidelines**

#### **3.1. Test Documentation Practices**

Unless otherwise specified all test results are to be recorded directly on this procedure in the spaces provided. When required, Quality Assurance shall affix their stamp to the procedure at points specified in the procedure .

#### **3.2. Test Equipment Calibration**

When measurements are made during the execution of this procedure the equipment used to make the measurements shall be calibrated in accordance with SwRI document XX-AG-103. A calibration sticker shall be visible on the test instrument showing the calibration due date.

#### **3.3. Test Safety**

The SwRI Project manager shall be responsible for the safe execution of this procedure. He shall take every reasonable precaution to prevent damage to the flight SAPMDs and to reduce the possibility of accident to test personnel. Personnel having reason to handle the SAPMDs will be reminded of the ESD sensitivity of the device and will be directed to review the contents of SwRI document DSS-7 for instructions on ESD damage prevention.

#### **3.4. Test Cleanliness**

The SwRI SAPMD project manager shall take reasonable precautions to protect the SAPMDs from becoming seriously contaminated with oils, corrosive materials, radioactive materials, toxic materials or any other material hazardous to test personnel or the flight articles.

#### **3.5. Test Rules**

During the execution of this procedure the following test rules shall not be violated.

##### **3.5.1. Test Personnel**

The SAPMD shall be operated by the following personnel only;

- A) Benny Piepgrass
- B) Bill Gibson
- C) Gill Harmon ( NASA JSC Employee )

##### **3.5.2. Test Facility Failure**

If any of the facilities used for the execution of this procedure experience a major failure during the SAPMD testing, the test shall be stopped and shall not be restarted until the SAPMD SwRI Project Manager has determined that the facility has been repaired in such a way as to present no danger of damage to the test articles.

**3.5.3. Injury or Illness of Test Personnel**

If any of the personnel listed in paragraph 3.5.1 become incapacitated during the execution of this procedure it shall be the responsibility of the SwRI Project manager to determine whether the test can continue. If the SwRI Project Manager is unable to take part in the test Mr. Don Shirley, Manager of Spacecraft Computer Development, shall make the determination.

**3.5.4. Conformance**

In the event of a test failure the nonconformance shall be dispositioned according to the provisions of the contract ( NAS9-17601), DRL T-2049.

#### 4. Initial Electrical Performance Test

This section describes a procedure for verifying the electrical performance of SAPMDs.

##### 4.1. Initial Performance Test Configuration

The initial electrical test configuration shall be as shown in figure 4.1-1.

##### 4.2. Initial Performance Test Measurement Tolerance

For the initial electrical performance test the following tolerances shall be used.

A) Time + - 2 Second

B) Pressure + - 0.1 PISA

##### 4.3. Initial Performance Test Measurement Equipment

Document below the measurement equipment used for the initial performance test.

|    | <u>ITEM</u> | <u>MODEL</u> | <u>MANUFACTURER</u> | <u>S/N</u> | <u>CAL DUE</u> |
|----|-------------|--------------|---------------------|------------|----------------|
| A) | _____       | _____        | _____               | _____      | _____          |
| B) | _____       | _____        | _____               | _____      | _____          |
| D) | _____       | _____        | _____               | _____      | _____          |
| E) | _____       | _____        | _____               | _____      | _____          |
| F) | _____       | _____        | _____               | _____      | _____          |

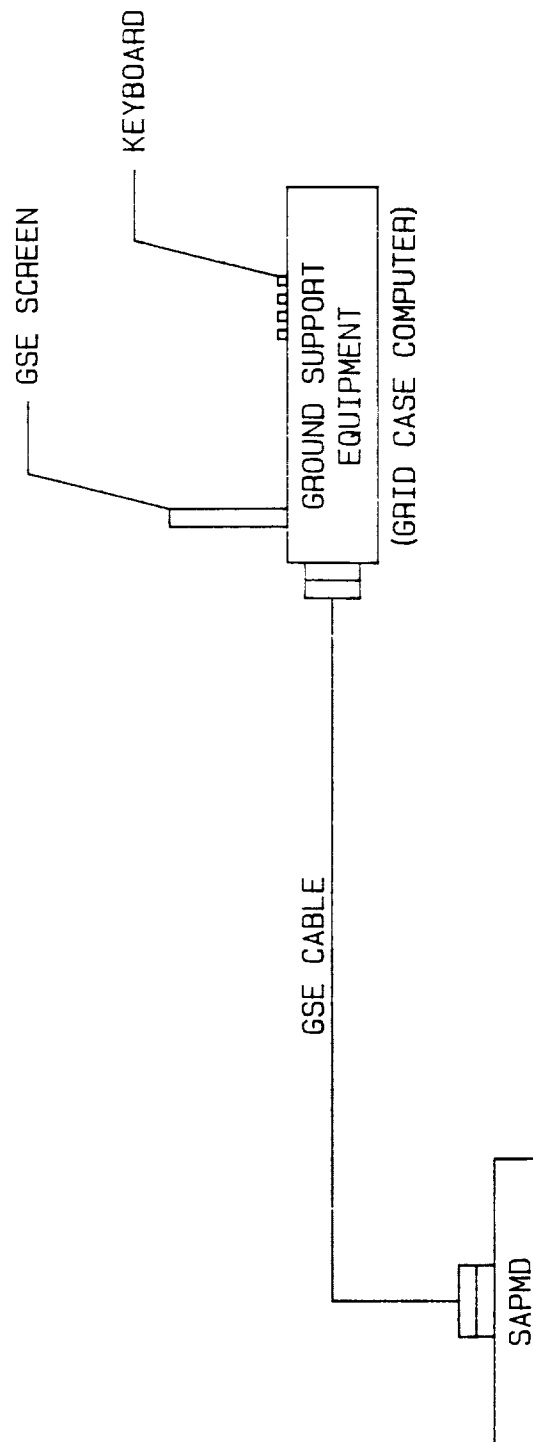


FIGURE 4.1 INITIAL ELECTRICAL TEST CONFIGURATION

#### 4.4. Initial Aliveness Tests

##### Q.A. Stamp

- \_\_\_ A) Turn on the SAPMD GSE, load the SGA software.
- \_\_\_ B) Attach the GSE cable to SAPMD, SN 01.
- \_\_\_ C) Verify that the tick counter in the upper right corner of the GSE begins to increment after attachment of the SAPMD.
- \_\_\_ D) Following the instructions in section 5.2 of the SGA Software User's Guide, initialize the GMT counter in the SAPMD.
- \_\_\_ E) Following the instructions in section 5.3 of the SGA Software User's User's Guide, read back the contents of the SAPMD's GMT value and verify that the reading is within 1 second of the time initialized.
- \_\_\_ F) Following the instructions in section 6.0 of the SGA User's Guide, execute the "All Self Test" command and verify that the message "Passed" appears on the GSE display.
- \_\_\_ G) Disconnect the GSE cable from SAPMD S/N 1, store the SAPMD in its conductive container.
- \_\_\_ H) Connect SAPMD S/N 2 to the GSE.
- \_\_\_ I) Repeat steps A to F for S/N 2. If the SAPMD does not pass all steps record below the step on which the unit failed.  
  
Failed Step = \_\_\_
- \_\_\_ J) Disconnect the GSE cable from S/N 2 and store the unit safely in its conductive bag.
- \_\_\_ K) Connect SAPMD S/N 3 to the GSE.
- \_\_\_ L) Repeat steps A to F for S/N 3. If the SAPMD does not pass all steps record below the step on which the unit failed.  
  
Failed Step = \_\_\_
- \_\_\_ M) Disconnect the GSE from S/N 3 and store the unit in its conductive bag.
- \_\_\_ N) Connect SAPMD S/N 4 to the GSE.
- \_\_\_ O) Repeat steps A to F for S/N 4. If the SAPMD fails to pass all steps record below the step on which the unit fails.

Failed Step = \_\_\_

- \_\_\_ P)      Disconnect S/N 4 from the GSE and store it safely in its conductive bag.
- \_\_\_ Q)      Turn off the GSE and store all cables in their proper positions in the GSE housing.

**5. Thermal Performance Test**

The purpose of this test is to verify the ability of the SAPMDs to operate over their specified temperature range.

**5.1. Thermal Performance Test Configuration**

The configuration for the thermal test shall be as shown in figure 7.1-1.

**5.2. Thermal Performance Test Measurement Tolerances**

Tolerances for the thermal performance test shall be as follows;

- A) Pressure           + - 0.1 PISA
- B) Time             + - 2 Minutes
- C) Temperature    + - 2 Deg. F

**5.3. Thermal Performance Test Measurement Equipment**

Document below the measurement equipment used for the temperature performance test.

|    | <u>ITEM</u> | <u>MODEL</u> | <u>MANUFACTURER</u> | <u>S/N</u> | <u>CAL DUE</u> |
|----|-------------|--------------|---------------------|------------|----------------|
| A) | _____       | _____        | _____               | _____      | _____          |
| B) | _____       | _____        | _____               | _____      | _____          |
| D) | _____       | _____        | _____               | _____      | _____          |
| E) | _____       | _____        | _____               | _____      | _____          |
| F) | _____       | _____        | _____               | _____      | _____          |

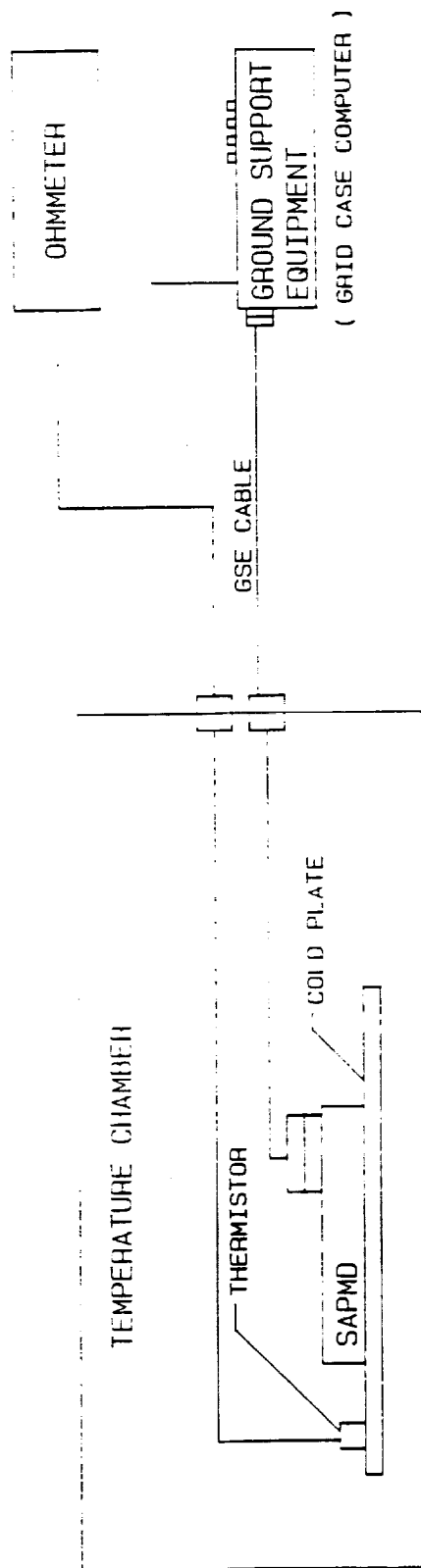


FIGURE 5.1-1 TEMPERATURE TEST CONFIGURATION

#### 5.4. Thermal Performance Tests

##### Q.A. Stamp

- \_\_\_ A) Install SAPMD S/N 1 in the test chamber as shown in figure 7.1-1.
- \_\_\_ B) Attach the SAPMD GSE and verify that the tick counter in the upper right of the GSE display is incrementing.
- \_\_\_ C) Turn on the thermal chamber and set the temperature control for +185 deg.F.
- \_\_\_ D) When the chamber temperature arrives at 185 deg.F. verify that the tick counter is still incrementing.
- \_\_\_ E) Following the instructions in paragraph 6.0 of the SGA Software User's Guide, perform an "All Self Test" on the SAPMD S/N 1.
- \_\_\_ F) Allow the SAPMD to soak at 185 deg.F. for approximately 30 minutes.
- \_\_\_ G) Perform a second "All Self Test" on the SAPMD following the instructions in par. 6.0 of the SGA Software User's Guide.
- \_\_\_ H) Set the temperature chamber controller for -30 deg.F.
- \_\_\_ I) When the temperature chamber reaches -30 deg.F. perform a self test on the SAPMD per the instructions in par.6.0 of the SGA Software User's Guide.
- \_\_\_ J) Allow the SAPMD S/N 1 to soak at -30 deg.F for approximately 30 minutes.
- \_\_\_ K) Perform a second low temperature self test.
- \_\_\_ L) Set the temperature controller for 72 deg.F. and allow the chamber to return to room temperature.
- \_\_\_ M) When the chamber temperature has returned to 72 deg.F. disconnect the SAPMD from the GSE and store it safely in its conductive carrier.
- \_\_\_ N) Install SAPMD S/N 2 in the temperature chamber and repeat steps B through L.
- \_\_\_ O) When the chamber temperature reaches 72 deg.F. remove SAPMD S/N 2 from the chamber and store it safely away in its conductive carrier.
- \_\_\_ P) Install SAPMD S/N 3 in the temperature chamber and repeat steps B through L.
- \_\_\_ Q) When the chamber temperature reaches 72 deg. F. remove the SAPMD from the chamber and store it safely in its conductive carrier.
- \_\_\_ R) Install SAPMD S/N 4 in the temperature chamber and repeat steps B through L.

- \_\_\_\_ S) When the chamber temperature reaches 72 deg. F. remove the SAPMD from the chamber and store it safely in its conductive carrier.

## 6. X Axis Vibration Test

The purpose of this test is to verify the ability of the SAPMDs to withstand the contractually specified X axis vibration environment.

### 6.1. X Axis Vibration Test Configuration

The vibration test configuration shall be per figure 6.1-1. The required level for the X axis test is 2Gs over a frequency range of 0 to 20000 Hz.

### 6.2. X Axis Vibration Test Measurement Tolerances

Tolerances for the vibration test shall be as follows;

- A) Pressure + - 0.1 PISA
- B) Time + - 10 Seconds
- C) Temperature + - 2 Deg. F
- D) Acceleration + - .1 Gs

### 6.3. X Axis Vibration Test Measurement Equipment

Document below the measurement equipment used for the vibration test.

|    | ITEM  | MODEL | MANUFACTURER | S/N   | CAL DUE |
|----|-------|-------|--------------|-------|---------|
| A) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |
| B) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |
| D) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |
| E) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |
| F) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |

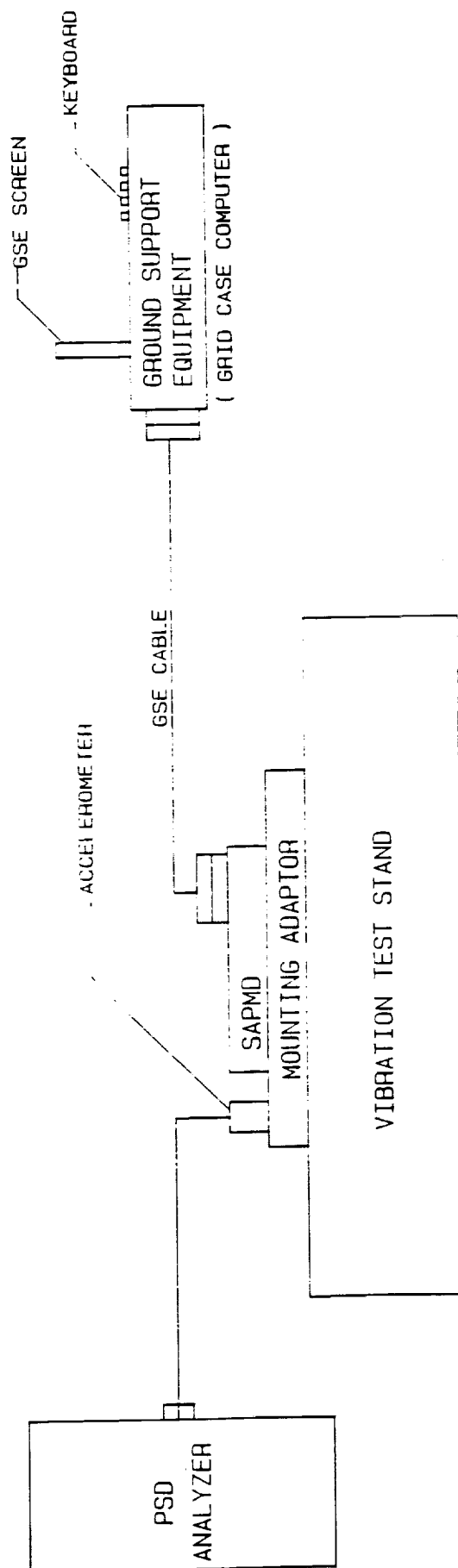


FIGURE 6.1-1 VIBRATION TEST CONFIGURATION, X AND Y AXIS

#### 6.4. Vibration Test X Axis

##### Q.A. Stamp

- \_\_\_ A) With SAPMD S/N 1 attached to the vibration test stand turn on the GSE, load and start the SGA software.
- \_\_\_ B) Connect the GSE cable to the SAPMD.
- \_\_\_ C) Verify that the tick counter is incrementing on the GSE display.
- \_\_\_ D) Following the instructions in para.5.2 of the SGA Software User's Guide set the SAPMD GMT time with local time.
- \_\_\_ E) Following the instructions in para.5.3 of the SGA User's Guide read back GMT from the SAPMD and verify that time is being kept properly. The SAPMD time should be within 1 second of local time.
- \_\_\_ F) Following the instructions in par. 3.4 of the SGA User's Guide run the "Set001.cmd" batch file.
- \_\_\_ G) When the setup command has run to completion disconnect the GSE cable from the SAPMD.
- \_\_\_ H) Start the X-Axis vibration and continue the vibration for 1 minute.
- \_\_\_ I) After the 1 minute of vibration reconnect the GSE cable to the SAPMD.
- \_\_\_ J) Verify that the tick counter is still running.
- \_\_\_ K) If the SAPMD acquired pressure data during the vibration test, follow the instructions in par.4.3 of the SGA Software User's Guide, to acquire the pressure data from the SAPMD and store it on a floppy disc under the title "001XAXIS.DTA".
- \_\_\_ L) Following the instructions in para.5.2 of the SGA Software User's Guide, inspect the SAPMD GMT clock value and verify that it is within 5 second of local time.
- \_\_\_ M) Disconnect SAPMD S/N 1 from the test stand and install SAPMD S/N 2.
- \_\_\_ N) Repeat steps B through L using file name "002XAXIS.DTA" for data and "SET002.cmd" for setup of S/N 2.
- \_\_\_ O) Remove S/N 2 from the test stand and install S/N 3.
- \_\_\_ P) Repeat steps B through L using file name "003XAXIS.DTA" for data and "SET003.CMD" for setup of S/N 3.
- \_\_\_ Q) Remove S/N 3 from the test stand and install S/N 4.

- \_\_\_\_ R) Repeat steps B through L using file name "004XAXIS.DTA" for data and "SET004.CMD" for setup of S/N 4.
- \_\_\_\_ S) Remove S/N 4 from the test stand.
- \_\_\_\_ T) Reconfigure the test stand for y axis testing.

## **7. Y Axis Vibration Test**

The purpose of this test is to verify the ability of the SAPMD to withstand the Y axis vibration loads specified by the contract.

### **7.1. Y Axis Test Configuration**

The Y axis test configuration shall be the same as the x axis configuration.

### **7.2. Y Axis Vibration Test Measurement Tolerances**

The Y axis measurement tolerances are the same as those for the x axis. The Y axis vibration level is 2Gs from 0 to 2000Hz.

### **7.3. Y Axis Test Measurement Equipment**

The Y axis measurement equipment list is the same as that for the x axis.

### **7.4. Y Axis Vibration Tests**

Q.A. Stamp

- \_\_\_\_ A) Attach SAPMD S/N 1 to the vibration test fixture.
- \_\_\_\_ B) Attach the GSE connector to the SAPMD and verify that the tick counter is still incrementing.
- \_\_\_\_ C) Following the instructions in par.5.3 of the SGA User's Guide read back GMT from the SAPMD and verify that time is being kept properly. The SAPMD time should be within 20 seconds of local time.
- \_\_\_\_ D) Following the instructions in par.3.4 of the SGA Software User's Guide, execute the "001Set.cmd" batch file.
- \_\_\_\_ E) After completion of the "001Set.cmd" batch file disconnect the SAPMD from the GSE cable.
- \_\_\_\_ F) Start the Y axis random vibration test and continue vibrating the SAPMD for 1 minute.
- \_\_\_\_ G) At the end of vibration reconnect the SAPMD and verify that the tick counter is still incrementing.
- \_\_\_\_ H) Following the instructions in par.5.2 of the SGA Software User's Guide, inspect the SAPMD GMT clock value and verify that it is within 30 seconds of local time.
- \_\_\_\_ I) If the SAPMD acquired data during the vibration test, follow the instructions in par.-4.3 of the SGA Software User's Guide, to transfer the pressure data from the SAPMD to the GSE floppy disc with the file labeled "001YAXIS.DTA".

- \_\_\_\_ J) Remove SAPMD S/N 1 from the test stand and install S/N 2.
- \_\_\_\_ K) Connect the GSE cable to S/N 2 and verify that the tick counter is incrementing.
- \_\_\_\_ L) Repeat steps C through H using file "Set002.cmd" for setup and "002YAXIS.DTA" for the pressure data file for S/N 2.
- \_\_\_\_ M) Remove S/N 2 from the test stand, install S/N 3.
- \_\_\_\_ N) Connect the GSE cable to S/N 3 and repeat steps C through H for S/N 3 using file "Set003.cmd" for setup and "003YAXIS.DTA" for pressure data.
- \_\_\_\_ O) Remove S/N 2 from the test stand, install S/N 4.
- \_\_\_\_ P) Connect the GSE cable to S/N 4 and repeat steps C through H for S/N 4 using file name "Set004.cmd" for setup and "004YAXIS.DTA" for pressure data.
- \_\_\_\_ Q) Remove S/N 4 from the test stand.
- \_\_\_\_ R) Reconfigure the test stand for z axis testing.

## **8. Z Axis Vibration Test**

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SAPMD will withstand the z axis vibration loads as specified in the contract.

### **8.1. Z Axis Test Configuration**

The Z axis test configuration shall be as shown in figure 10.1-1.

### **8.2. Z Axis Measurement Tolerance**

The Z axis measurement tolerances shall be the same as those used for the x and y axes. The vibration level for the Z axis shall be 2Gs from 0 to 2000Hz.

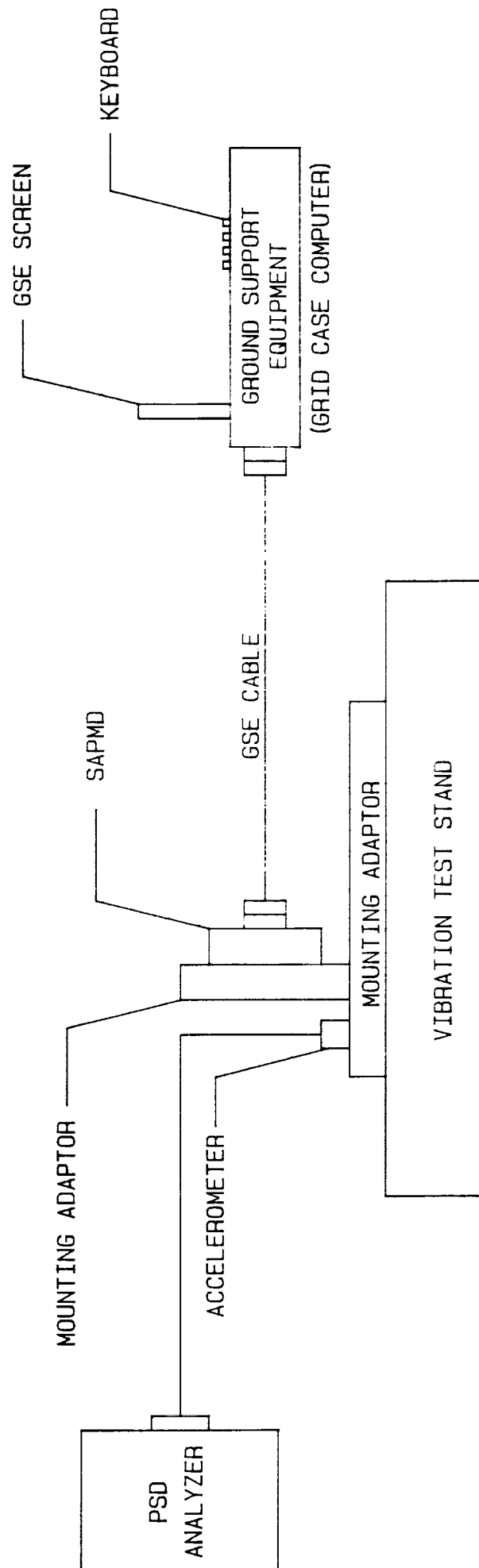


FIGURE 8.1-1 VIBRATION TEST CONFIGURATION, Z AXIS

### 8.3. Z Axis Measurement Equipment

List below the test equipment used for the z axis vibration test.

|    | <u>ITEM</u> | <u>MODEL</u> | <u>MANUFACTURER</u> | <u>S/N</u> | <u>CAL DUE</u> |
|----|-------------|--------------|---------------------|------------|----------------|
| A) | _____       |              |                     |            |                |
| B) | _____       |              |                     |            |                |
| D) | _____       |              |                     |            |                |
| E) | _____       |              |                     |            |                |
| F) | _____       |              |                     |            |                |

### 8.4. Z Axis vibration Tests

Q.A. Stamp

- \_\_\_ A) Attach SAPMD S/N 1 to the test fixture.
- \_\_\_ B) Connect the GSE cable to the SAPMD.
- \_\_\_ C) Verify that the tick counter is incrementing.
- \_\_\_ D) Following the instructions in par.5.2 of the SGA Software User's Guide, verify that the SAPMD's GMT time is within 40 seconds of local time.
- \_\_\_ E) Following the instructions in par. 3.4 of the SGA Software User's Guide, execute the "Set001.cmd" batch file.
- \_\_\_ F) Disconnect the GSE cable and start the z axis vibration.
- \_\_\_ G) After 1 minute discontinue the vibration and reconnect the GSE cable.
- \_\_\_ H) Verify that the tick counter is still running.
- \_\_\_ I) Following the instructions in par. 5.2 of the SGA Software User's Guide, read the GMT time and verify that it is within 50 seconds of local time.
- \_\_\_ J) Note whether the SAPMD acquired pressure data. If data was acquired transfer the acquired data to the GSE and store it in a floppy disc file labeled "001ZAXIS.DTA".
- \_\_\_ K) Disconnect the GSE cable and store S/N 1 in its conductive carrier.
- \_\_\_ L) Install SAPMD S/N 2 on the vibration test stand and connect the GSE cable.

- \_\_\_\_ M) Repeat steps C through J on S/N 2 using file "SET002.CMD" for setup and "002ZAXIS.DTA" for pressure data.
- \_\_\_\_ N) Disconnect the GSE cable from S/N 2, remove it from the test stand and store it in its conductive carrier.
- \_\_\_\_ O) Install SAPMD S/N 3 on the test stand and connect the GSE cable.
- \_\_\_\_ P) Repeat steps C through J on S/N 3 using file "Set003.CMD" for setup and "003ZAXIS.DTA" for pressure data.
- \_\_\_\_ Q) Disconnect the GSE cable and store S/N 3 in its conductive carrier.
- \_\_\_\_ R) Install SAPMD S/N 4 on the test stand and connect the GSE cable,.
- \_\_\_\_ S) Repeat steps C through J on S/N 4 using file "Set004.cmd" for setup and "004ZAXIS.DTA" for pressure data.
- \_\_\_\_ T) Disconnect the GSE cable from S/N 4, remove it from the test stand and store it in it conductive carrier.
- \_\_\_\_ U) Turn off the GSE.

## 9. Shock Test Procedure

The purpose of this test is to verify that the SAPMD can withstand the shock specified in the contract and continue to operate correctly.

### 9.1. Shock Test Configuration

The shock test configuration shall be as shown in figure 9.1-1.

### 9.2. Shock Test Measurement Tolerances

Tolerances for the shock test shall be as follows;

A) Time                      + - 3 milliseconds

B) Acceleration        + - 5Gs

### 9.3. Shock Test Measurement Equipment

Document below the measurement equipment used for the shock test.

|    | ITEM  | MODEL | MANUFACTURER | S/N   | CAL DUE |
|----|-------|-------|--------------|-------|---------|
| A) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |
| B) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |
| D) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |
| E) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |
| F) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |

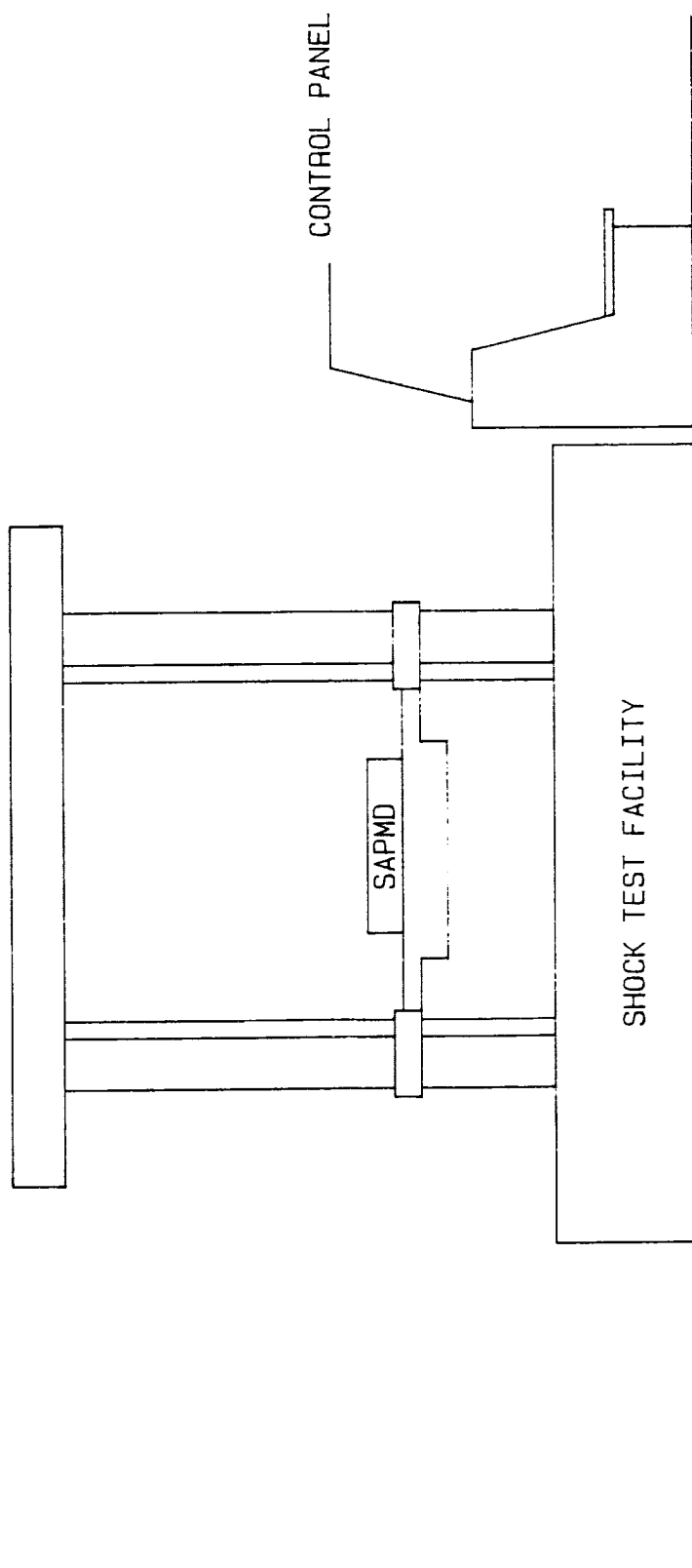


FIGURE 9.1-1 SHOCK TEST CONFIGURATION

**Figure 9.1-1      Test Configuration, Shock Test**

#### 9.4. Shock Test Specification

The SAPMD is to be shocked to 78Gs for 11 milliseconds with a half sine waveform.

It is assumed that the shock test is executed within 2 days of completion of the vibration tests described in section 10. If this is not the case all 4 of the SAPMDs must have their GMT counters reinitialized per the instructions in par. 5.2 of the SGA Software User's Guide.

#### 9.5. Shock Tests

##### Q.A. Stamp

- \_\_\_ A) Attach SAPMD S/N 1 to the shock test fixture.
- \_\_\_ B) Shock S/N 1 to the specified level.
- \_\_\_ C) Turn on the GSE, load and start the SGA software.
- \_\_\_ D) Attach the GSE to the SAPMD and verify that the tick counter is incrementing
- \_\_\_ E) Following the instructions in par. 5.2 of the SGA Software User's Guide, read the SAPMD GMT and verify that it is within 15 seconds of local time.
- \_\_\_ F) Disconnect the GSE from S/N 1.
- \_\_\_ G) Remove S/N 1 from the test stand and attach S/N 2.
- \_\_\_ H) Shock S/N 2 to the specified level.
- \_\_\_ I) Attach the GSE to S/N 2 and verify the tick counter is running.
- \_\_\_ J) Repeat step E.
- \_\_\_ K) Disconnect the GSE from S/N 2.
- \_\_\_ L) Remove S/N 2 and attach S/N 3.
- \_\_\_ M) Shock S/N 3 to the specified levels.
- \_\_\_ N) Repeat step E.
- \_\_\_ O) Disconnect the GSE from S/N 3.
- \_\_\_ P) Remove S/N 3 from the test stand and attach S/N 4.
- \_\_\_ Q) Shock S/N 4 to the specified levels.

- \_\_\_ R) Repeat step E.
- \_\_\_ S) Disconnect the GSE from S/N 4.
- \_\_\_ T) Remove S/N 4 from the test stand.
- \_\_\_ U) Turn off the GSE and pack all GSE cables and documentation in the GSE carrying case.
- \_\_\_ V) Attach the hardcopies of the shock data to the end of this procedure.

## 10. Thermal Burn In Procedure

The purpose of this test is to subject the SAPMDs to an extended period of operation at elevated temperature. Latent manufacturing problems, if present, should be detected with this test.

### 10.1. Thermal Burn In Test Configuration

For the thermal burn in test the SAPMDs shall be placed in a thermal chamber and their temperature monitored. The GSE shall not be connected to the SAPMDs until the end of the test at which time the units will be taken out of the temperature chamber.

### 10.2. Thermal Burn In Test Measurement Tolerances

Tolerances for the vibration test shall be as follows;

B) Time + - 30 Minutes

C) Temperature + - 2 Deg. F

### 10.3. Thermal Burn In Measurement Equipment

Document below the measurement equipment used for the burn in test.

|    | ITEM  | MODEL | MANUFACTURER | S/N   | CAL DUE |
|----|-------|-------|--------------|-------|---------|
| A) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |
| B) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |
| D) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |
| E) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |
| F) | _____ | _____ | _____        | _____ | _____   |

### 10.4. Thermal Burn In Tests

Q.A. Stamp

- \_\_\_\_ A) Turn on the SAPMD GSE and load the SGA software.
- \_\_\_\_ B) Remove SAPMD S/N 1 from its protective carrier and place it on a safe working surface for attachment to the GSE.
- \_\_\_\_ C) Attach the GSE to SAPMD S/N 1.

- \_\_\_\_\_ D) Following the instructions in par. 5.2 of the SGA Software User's Guide, set the GMT value in the SAPMD to local time.
- \_\_\_\_\_ E) Following the instructions in par. 5.3 of the SGA Software User's Guide, read back the GMT and verify correct time to within 1 second.
- \_\_\_\_\_ F) Disconnect the GSE cable from the SAPMD and place S/N 1 in the temperature chamber.
- \_\_\_\_\_ G) Repeat steps B through F on SAPMD S/N 2.
- \_\_\_\_\_ H) Repeat steps B through F on SAPMD S/N 3.
- \_\_\_\_\_ I) Repeat steps B through F on SAPMD S/N 4.
- \_\_\_\_\_ J) Turn on the temperature chamber and set the temperature controls for 110 deg. F.
- \_\_\_\_\_ K) Leave the SAPMDs in the temperature chamber for 48 hours.
- \_\_\_\_\_ L) Turn off the temperature chamber and allow the interior temperature to return to approximately 72 deg. F.
- \_\_\_\_\_ M) Remove SAPMD S/N 1 from the chamber and place it on a safe, ESD controlled, working surface for attachment to the GSE.
- \_\_\_\_\_ N) With the GSE already on attach S/N 1 to the GSE.
- \_\_\_\_\_ O) Following the instructions in par. 5.3 of the SGA Software User's Guide, read the GMT value from the SAPMD and verify that the time seen is within 5 minutes of local time.
- \_\_\_\_\_ P) Disconnect the GSE from S/N 1 and store the SAPMD in its conductive carrier.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Q) Repeat steps M through P for SAPMD S/N 2.
- \_\_\_\_\_ R) Repeat steps M through P for SAPMD S/N 3.
- \_\_\_\_\_ S) Repeat steps M through P for SAPMD S/N 4.
- \_\_\_\_\_ T) Turn off the GSE and store all cables and supplies in their appropriate places in the GSE enclosure.

### 11. Test Closeout

Before completing this procedure verify that copies of all vibration and shock data plots are attached to the back of this procedure. Also verify that all attached plots are labeled with the appropriate information ( i.e. date,time,axis,SAPMD S/N ).

- \_\_\_\_ A) Remove SAPMD SN 1 from its conductive carrier and place it on a clean, ESD controlled working surface.
- \_\_\_\_ B) Carefully remove the battery pack and store it in a clean conductive carrier.
- \_\_\_\_ C) Replace the SAPMD in its conductive carrier.
- \_\_\_\_ D) Repeat step A with SAPMD S/N 2.
- \_\_\_\_ E) Repeat step A with SAPMD S/N 3.
- \_\_\_\_ F) Repeat step A with SAPMD S/N 4.